

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

LISTING OF CLAIMS:

1. (currently amended) An image display device which comprises an image display panel, in which image display media are sealed in cells formed in an isolated manner from one another by partition walls between the opposed substrates, at least one of two substrates being transparent, and, in which the image display media, to which an electrostatic field is applied, are made to move so as to display an image, wherein~~characterized in that~~ a plurality of cells are arranged ~~in such a manner~~ that they do not correspond one for one to the positions of pixels for displaying the image.

2. (currently amended) An image display device which comprises an image display panel, in which image display media are sealed in cells formed in an isolated manner from one another by partition walls between the opposed substrates, at least one of two substrates being transparent, and, in which the image display media, to which an electrostatic field is applied, are made to move so as to display an image, wherein~~characterized in that~~ a ratio of cell area/pixel area is formed to be smaller than 4.

3. (previously presented) The image display device according to claim 1, wherein a shape of the cell formed by the partition walls is a square shape, a triangular shape, a hexagonal shape, a circular shape or an oval shape.

4. (previously presented) The image display device according to claim 1, wherein an arrangement of the cell is a honeycomb structure.

5. (previously presented) The image display device according to claim 1, wherein a shape of the cell formed by the partition walls is a hexagonal shape and an arrangement of the cell is a honeycomb structure.

6. (previously presented) The image display device according to claim 1, wherein the image display media are particles or liquid powders.

7. (currently amended) A method of manufacturing an image display panel ~~comprising having such a construction that~~ image display media such as gas, liquid, solid, particles, liquid powders and so on ~~are~~ sealed in cells formed in an isolated manner from one another by partition walls between two opposed substrates, at least one of two substrates being transparent, the method comprising: ~~characterized in that the improvement comprises the steps of:~~

forming a first layer made of photosensitive color composite on one substrate;

forming a second layer made of photosensitive composite, which has a light transmission higher than that of the first layer and a thickness larger than that of the first layer, on the first layer;

performing an exposure through a mask with respect to the first layer and the second layer on the substrate;

performing a developing and a washing with respect to the exposed first and second layers so as to form color partition walls on the substrate; and

connecting the other substrate to the color partition walls.

8. (previously presented) The method of manufacturing the image display panel according to claim 7, wherein a light transmission of the photosensitive color composite forming the first layer in a wavelength band of visible light (380 nm - 780 nm) is not larger than 20%,

and a light transmission of the photosensitive composite forming the second layer in a wavelength band of 300 nm - 450 nm is not less than 20%.

9. (previously presented) The method of manufacturing the image display panel according to claim 7, wherein a film made of a photosensitive composite is laminated on the first layer so as to obtain the second layer.

10. (previously presented) The method of manufacturing the image display panel according to claim 7, wherein a color of the first layer is black.

11. (currently amended) An image display panel ~~characterized in that the improvement~~ is manufactured according to the method of manufacturing the image display panel set forth in claim 7.

12. (currently amended) An image display panel ~~characterized in that the improvement~~ is manufactured according to the method of manufacturing the image display panel set forth in claim 7, ~~and wherein the image display panel~~ uses particles or liquid powders as the image display media.

13. (currently amended) An image display device which comprises an image display panel, in which particles or liquid powders as image display media are sealed in cells formed in an isolated manner from one another by partition walls between two opposed substrates, at least one of two substrates being transparent, and, in which the particles or the liquid powders, to which an electrostatic field is applied, are made to move so as to display an image, wherein~~characterized in that~~ the partition walls are manufactured by a photolithography method, and a shape of the partition wall is a taper shape such that a width of an end portion at a side of a rear substrate is larger than that at a side of a front substrate.

14. (previously presented) The image display device according to claim 13, wherein the partition walls are manufactured by means of the photolithography method by:

applying a photosensitive material including a thermosetting resin on the substrate;

performing an exposure only for a portion of the applied photosensitive material corresponding to the partition walls by using a photo mask;

hardening the photosensitive material; and removing non-hardening portions by developing;

so that the partition walls having a reverse taper shape, such that the width of the end portion at a side of the rear substrate is larger than that at a side of the front substrate, are formed.

15. (currently amended) The image display device according to claim 14, wherein, in ~~the case of manufacturing~~ the partition wall having the reverse taper shape, a light is intentionally diffused by performing a proximity exposure, in which a gap is formed between the photo mask and the photosensitive material, so that the reverse taper shape is formed.

16. (currently amended) The image display device according to claim 14, wherein, in ~~the case of manufacturing~~ the partition wall having the reverse taper shape, an exposure is performed at a low amount of light exposure so as to react only a surface layer of the hardening agent, so that the reverse taper shape is formed.

17. (previously presented) The image display device according to claim 13, wherein a ratio w_1/w_2 between an end width w_2 at a side of the rear substrate and an end width w_1 at a side of the front substrate is not larger than 0.5.

18. (previously presented) The image display device according to claim 13, wherein a color of the particles or the liquid powders used for the image display media is white or black.

19. (previously presented) The image display according to claim 13, wherein the partition wall positioned between the opposed substrates has a cantilever rib structure.

20. (currently amended) The image display device according to claim 13, wherein a particle size distribution Span of inorganic powders included in the partition wall material, which is defined by the following formula, is less than 8:

$$\text{Span} = (d(0.9) - d(0.1))/d(0.5) ;$$

wherein(here, $d(0.5)$ ismeans a value of the particle size expressed by μm wherein an amount of the particles having the particle size larger than or smaller than this value is 50%, $d(0.1)$ ismeans a value of the particle size expressed by μm wherein an amount of the particles having the particle size smaller than this value is 10%, and $d(0.9)$ ismeans a value of the particle size expressed by μm wherein an amount of the particles having the particle size smaller than this value is 90%[[I]]).

21. (previously presented) The image display device according to claim 13, wherein an average particle diameter of the inorganic powders is 0.1 - 20 μm .

22. (previously presented) The image display device according to claim 13, wherein a gap between the opposed substrates is filled with a gas having a relative humidity of not larger than 60% RH at 25°.